

Plants for same garden



SOME SEASONABLE REMINDERS

— For —

The Kitchen Garden

The various plants and roots included herein are all suitable for planting during the Winter months. During this dull period of the year, is a splendid opportunity to lay down some permanent beds in the Vegetable Garden.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS JUL 23 1925

The chief essentials of successful Strawberry growing are (1) Strong, vigorous, healthy plants of a variety suitable to the particular soil conditions. (2) A well-drained and properly prepared bed. (3) Thorough and frequent cultivation, (4) Abundance of moisture during dry weather, and (5) Keeping the beds properly mulched and free from weeds.

A good friable loam, which has been deeply trenched and well broken-up with a good supply of manure added, will give the best results. Where the ground is deficient in lime this element must be applied before finally adding the manure and fining-up the ground. The best months for planting out are June, July, and early August, putting the plants in rows about 24 inches apart, and allowing from 21 to 24 inches between the plants in the rows. When artificial watering cannot be practised, allow a little more distance between the rows up to say 30 inches. The plants produce fresh roots each year from the collars, and a top dressing of good manure each Winter will be found very beneficial.

The following sorts are all generally suited to Victorian conditions:—

ABUNDANCE—The Best Strawberry grown. Large fruit of delicious flavor suitable for both jam and table use. Very prolific bearer. Requires plenty of room for its development

2/6 for 25; 4/- for 50; 7/6 per 100

LEURA—A very distinct flavored berry. An excellent variety and a very prolific yielder 1/6 for 25; 2/9 for 50; 5/- per 100

MELBA—The "Standard" variety, and the best all round Strawberry with the exception of Abundance. Very heavy bearer and equally suitable for both jam and table use. Of fine flavor

1/3 for 25; 2/3 for 50; 4/- per 100

SUNBEAM—A very popular variety in the Mornington Peninsula. Good yielder, fruit of excellent flavor and quality

1/3 for 25; 2/3 for 50; 4/- per 100

UP-TO-DATE (syn. UPTUT-MARK)—An excellent Strawberry, practically identical with Melba, and unnecessary where the latter is grown. A good reliable variety, both for table use and for jam making

1/3 for 25; 2/3 for 50; 4/- per 100

Postage, Carriage or Rail Freight is extra on the various Plants, Roots, and Sundries listed on this leaflet.

ARTICHOKE TUBERS

This delicious tuber is fast increasing in popularity. The tubers may be planted from May to August in rows 3 feet apart, placing the tubers 2 feet apart in the row. The method of soil preparation and general treatment is the same as that recommended for the Asparagus.

INCOMPARABLE WHITE—A pure white, very prolific variety. Highly recommended 4d. lb.; 7 lbs. for 2/-; 14 lbs. for 3/6

Special Quotations given for Hundredweight Lots and Upwards.

F. H. BRUNNING PTY. LTD.



Using the Firefly Plow in the Vegetable Garden.

RHUBARB ROOTS

This plant requires a rich, deep, light and well-drained soil and the instructions on "Soil Preparation" under the heading of Asparagus apply equally to Rhubarb. Be sure to clean the soil thoroughly with Clift's Manurial Insecticide before planting the roots.

The best period for planting out is during June and July, although in cool districts this operation may extend up till the end of August. The roots are planted in rows 4 feet apart, allowing 4 feet between the plants in the rows, but the crowns must not be covered more than 2 inches. Remember that a Rhubarb bed is laid down for permanency and that errors in the initial soil preparation cannot after be rectified.

The best varieties for the average garden are:—

EARLY ALBERT—A splendid Summer bearing variety
9d. each; 7/6 per dozen

TOPP'S WINTER—The best Winter Rhubarb
9d. each; 7/6 per dozen



EARLY GIANT—A new variety coming into bearing in the late Spring. Very prolific and highly recommended. Large stalks of fine flavor

1/- each; 10/- per dozen

WILSON'S RUBY—An excellent ever-bearing sort. Highly recommended for the Home Garden

1/- each; 10/- per dozen

GIANT CRIMSON—An extremely large-stalked very prolific variety. Highly recommended

3/- each; 30/- per dozen

CARMONA FERTILISER

The guaranteed and reliable fertiliser for the Home Garden.

Easy to use, clean to handle, practically odorless, quick and effective in action and thoroughly reliable. Carmona can be confidently recommended as the BEST for all general purposes in the Home Garden. Made of the very finest ingredients, and entirely organic in nature except for a small percentage of tonic salts and potash.

Prices: 1/3 per small tin; 2/- per large tin; 45/- per cwt. Postage or Freight, extra.

The 20th Edition AUSTRALIAN GARDENER

By Leslie H. Brunning.

This excellent work for the amateur has been thoroughly revised and brought right up-to-date. Deals fully and thoroughly with the growing of Flowers, Fruit and Vegetables, and has been written by an Australian to suit Australian conditions. Profusely illustrated throughout.

The new edition includes the best of the 19th edition, together with many additions and amendments, including a complete section on Deciduous, Citrus and other Evergreen Fruits, Berry Fruits and the Grape Vine. A most valuable reference work for the Home Gardener.

Price: 7/6 per copy. Postage, 4d. extra.

HERB PLANTS

(Obtainable from late May to early September.)

CHIVES, 1/-	MARJORAM	THYME (Common)	THYME (Var. Lemon)
HORSE RADISH	MINT	SAGE (Common)	WORMWOOD
LAVENDER	RUE	SAVORY	TARRAGON, 1/-

All the above, 6d. each; 4/- per dozen (except where priced otherwise.)

ASPARAGUS KNIVES

A strong and serviceable article of British manufacture, having a single-toothed saw blade to facilitate the work of cutting.

6/6 each. Postage 6d. Extra.

ASPARAGUS PLANTS

To grow Asparagus successfully, the first essential is good drainage, for although Asparagus can use a large quantity of moisture when growing, like most plants, it suffers considerably from stagnant water in the soil. The next operation is to trench the ground thoroughly, putting a good layer of manure at the bottom of the trench and then adding as much soil and sand as is necessary to render the surface soil of a depth of from 2½ to 3 feet, and of the proper quality and consistency. Depth and porosity of the soil is even more necessary than the manure because the latter can always be applied to the surface later on.

Give the soil a liberal dressing with **Cliff's Manurial Insecticide**, to cleanse it of all soil insects such as wire-worms, centipedes, eel worms, etc. In trenching the ground, break up the subsoil below the bottom spit and thoroughly mix the added soil and sand with the surface soil already there; a further portion of well-decayed manure may then be incorporated with the surface soil and the ground is ready for planting.

The best period is from the middle of May to the middle of August, but in dry districts, planting should be completed not later than the third week in July.

Make a trench or double drill of sufficient depth to admit the roots at full length (usually about 6 inches) with a slight ridge or saddle in the middle, then lift the root carefully, trim and set in the trench saddlewise so that the points of the roots tend downwards, and cover to a depth of 3 or 4 inches. After planting, mulch the ground with a good thick coating of well-rotted manure and seaweed when obtainable.

In planting out a bed, ample space must be allowed for the future development of the roots, and at least 3 feet between the trenches and 27 inches between the plants in the rows is necessary for future success.

During dry weather, water must be given in abundance, and each year after the plants have died down and are cleared away, fork in the mulch applied the previous season and during the late Winter, give the bed another coating which can hardly be too rich as the Asparagus is a gross feeder and absorbs large quantities of plant food in its growth and production of stalks.

Finally remember that an Asparagus bed properly made will retain its bearing powers for upwards of twenty years, and that any omissions at the outset cannot afterwards be remedied.



STRONG ROOTS OF CONOVER'S COLOSSAL.

Two-year-old Roots 4/- for 25; 6/6 for 50; 12/6 per hundred
Three-year-old Roots 5/- for 25; 8/- for 50; 15/- per hundred

Special Quotations for 500, 1000 lots and upwards.

SEED [SOWING TABLE FOR JUNE AND JULY

(Those marked "*" should only be sown during July.)

Broad Bean.
*Beet Red, Incomparable.
*Brussels Sprout.
Cabbage.
Cress.
Leek, The Lyon.
Lettuce.

Onion (Main Crop sorts).
Peas (Early and 2nd Early).
Mustard.
Potato.
Radish.
Shallots. (Bulbs).
Turnip (Non-Seeding).

All the above can be supplied at 6d. per pkt. Postage free except with Broad Beans and Peas, on which the postage is 2d. per pkt. extra.

FIREFLY GARDEN PLOW

A most useful tool for small Home Gardens. Will throw a furrow four to six inches wide, and one to three inches deep, and deeper if necessary by going over each furrow a second time. Opens furrows for manure or seed and covers them and can be used to open up rows for setting out all kinds of plants. In cultivating, plow away lightly, leave for a few days for all weeds to die and plow again; this will do the job thoroughly. Poultry breeders will find this plow of great advantage in plowing up their scratching yards. Weight, packed, 14 lbs. only.

Price: 22/6 each. Carriage extra.

CLIFT'S MANURIAL INSECTICIDE

A Powder for destroying Destructive Soil Insects and at the same time sterilizing and cleansing the soil. Non-injurious to Plant Life and of fertilizing value.

Clift's Manurial Insecticide is a reliable and effective Soil Fumigant, with a certain amount of manurial or fertilising value. When mixed with the soil, the powder, actuated by the natural dampness and heat of the earth, gives off heavy fumes, which penetrate through the soil, and destroy all insect life on contact.

The effects are lasting, not for a month or two, but for a very lengthy period. Thoroughly recommended for destroying wireworms, cockchafer grubs, pear mites (especially effective), millipedes, potato moth grub, white ants, woolly aphids (on the roots of apple and pear trees), and all other underground insects.



Mix Clift's Manurial Insecticide thoroughly with the soil to a depth of three or four inches from the surface about seven days before sowing seeds or transplanting seedlings. For most purposes, about 2 ounces of the insecticide to the square yard will be found thoroughly effective. This preparation is non-injurious to plant life if used as directed above. In Market Gardens, use 1 cwt. per acre in drills, 2 cwt. per acre broadcast.

Prices.—1 lb. tins, 1/-. 4 lb. tins, 2/6. 14 lb. bags, 6/-. 35/- per cwt. bag.
2 lb. tins, 1/6. 7 lb. bags, 3/6. 28 lb. bags, 11/6.

(Carriage or Railway Freight, Extra.)

BRUNNINGS

(F. H. BRUNNING PTY. LTD.).

Victoria Seed Warehouse

64 Elizabeth St., Melbourne